## <u>18.065 PSet 4</u> <u>Dimitris Koutentakis</u>

## Problem 1

Based on the two plots below (in log and normal scale), we can see that  $||x_{ls} - s_k||$  decreases monotonically. The Gradient Descent algorithm seems to perform better for lower values of  $\sigma$ . However, the algorithm has relatively similar performance for different values of  $\sigma$ .





Problem 2

Attached below are the graphs of Nesterov-accelerated Gradient descent for varying values of  $\sigma$ . The first plot is in linear scale and the second in logarithmic, which shows more clearly that lower values of  $\sigma$  have slightly better performance.





For  $\sigma = 1$  and a given step-size of  $\mu$ , we can see that in fact the Nesterov-accelerated Gradient Descent converges much faster than the normal Gradient Descent. However, it is important to note that after a certain number of iterations, the Nesterov-accelerated Gradient Descent does not outperform the normal Gradient Descent algorithm.

As the step-size  $\mu$  increases, both Nesterov-accelerated and noermal Gradient descent converge faster. However, the number of iterations for which Nesterov-accelerated outperforms the normal gradient descent decreases. This is obvious in the plots attached below.

